Where are they all coming from? Child Mental Health Services Response to Refugee Crisis

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Status of current evidence

- Epidemiology
- Risk and protective factors
- Interventions
- Service models

Characteristics of refugee and asylum-seeking children

- Complex needs
- Psychopathology
- Trauma, but also socioeconomic issues, adjustment to new society, language
- Access and engagement with services



Unaccompanied minors

- Lack of primary caregiver
- Sequential stressors and rejections
- Exploitation
- Varied care systems
- Social isolation



The Gaza studies: 1998 – to date

Thabet, Vostanis and colleagues

- High rates of PTSD and emotional disorders (but different pathways?)
- Direct and indirect impact
- Risk and protective factors





Impact of trauma on Syrian refugee children in Istanbul

(n=263 - Eruyar, Maltby & Vostanis)

- Pre-migratory war trauma predicted child PTSD symptoms
- Parental psychopathology predicted general child mental health symptoms after accounting for trauma exposure

Service issues

- Help-seeking and care pathways
- Legal framework
- Mental health concepts
- Stigma
- Carers and agencies involved
- Acute and therapeutic phase
- Service gaps



Unaccompanied minors' perceptions of mental health services

Majumder, O'Reilly, Karim & Vostanis, 2015

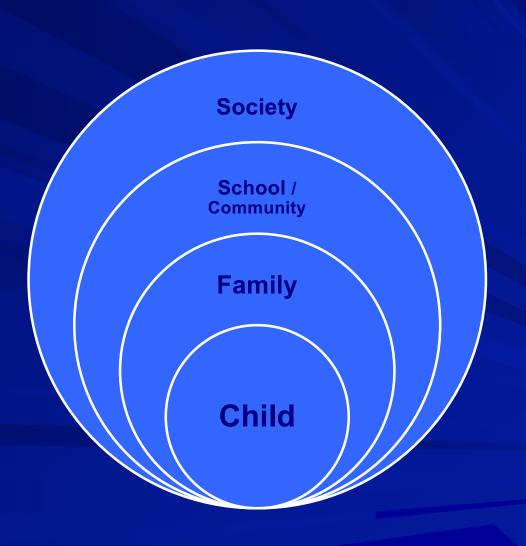
- Mental health concepts 'mental, not crazy, headache, eyes hurt'
- Association with asylum-seeking 'difficult journey, alone, scared, worry about family'
- Service experiences 'you don't understand me, not him, not safe, trust is most important'
- Opinion of treatments 'now I know you can talk, does not help reminding me, medication get better'

Assessment challenges

- Cultural discordance
- Preparation and engagement
- Language / Interpreter
- Lack of history
- Multiple informants
- Developmental capacity
- Child must feel/be safe



Viewing refugee children within a resilience ecological systems framework



Interventions

- Psychoeducation
- Narrative (variations, e.g. NET)
- Trauma-focused CBT
- EMDR
- Creative
- Attachment (theraplay)
- Family
- Behavioural
- Pharmacological



Service model for vulnerable groups

- Integration (wrap-around)
- Joint care pathways
- Direct access
- Skills in applied interventions
- Consultation



World Awareness for Children in Trauma

www.wacit.org www.panosvostanis.wordpress.com





WACIT Psychosocial Model

Access to
Mental Health
Services

Psychological /
Counselling Interventions

Application of Therapeutic Approaches

School, community resilience-building

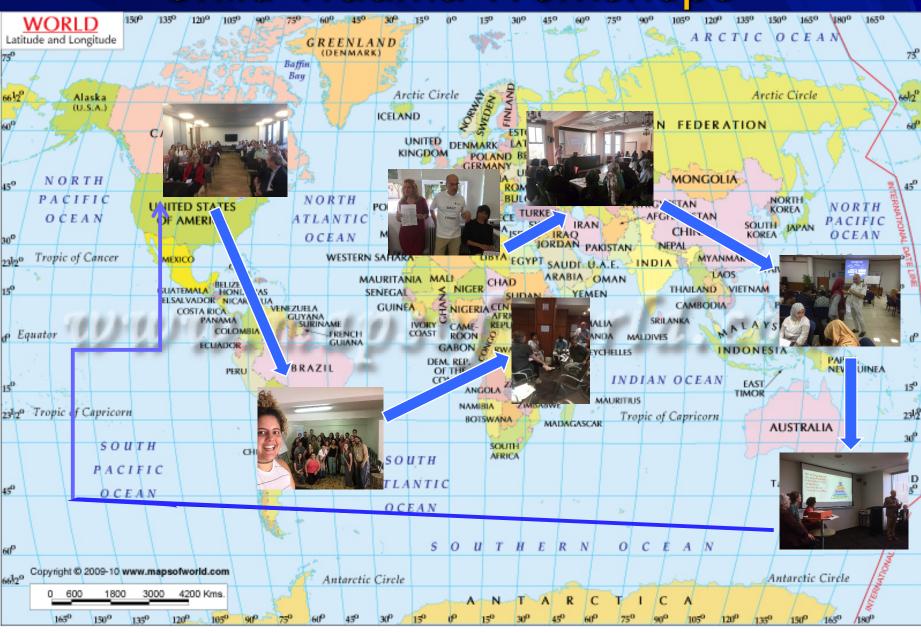
Nurturing (Family, Caregivers)

Safety, Environment, Attitudes

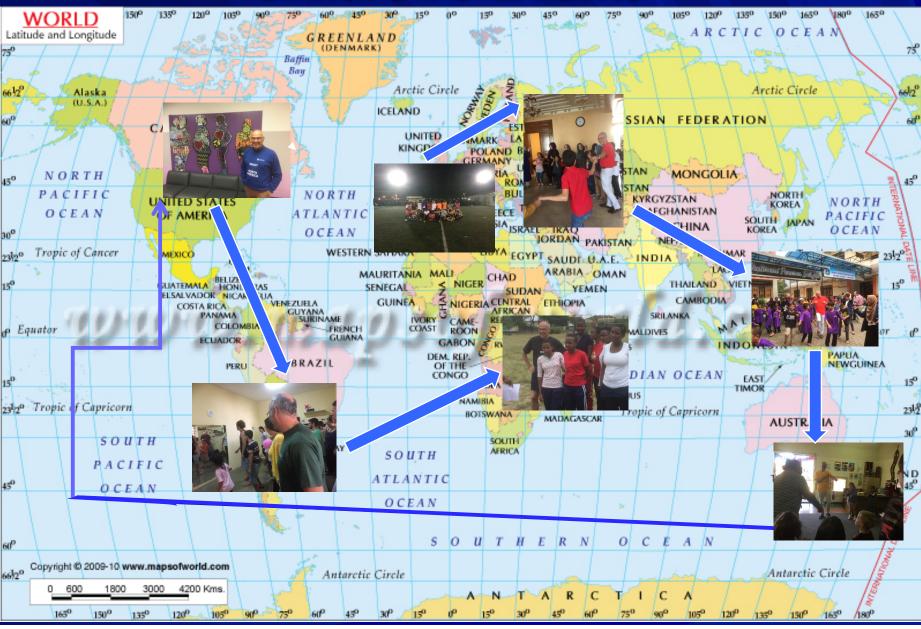
WACIT activities

- Interprofessional training workshops, e-learn, resources
- Capacity-building service consultancy according to model
- Research needs analysis, resilience mechanisms, evaluation of interventions

WACIT 6x6 Launch Child Trauma Workshops

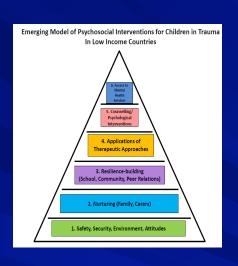


WACIT 6x6 Launch Children's Events



Mapping WACIT model to Athens refugee settings











How can child mental health professionals help?

- Influence policy
- Child-centred reception centres, camps, other transitional environments
- Support care placements
- Training for volunteers/staff
- Establish inter-agency networks
- Adapt specialist services
- Establish evidence

